



3/18/26 Morning Report with @CPSolvers



“One life, so many dreams” Case Presenter: Varuni (@) Case Discussants: Sharmin (@) & Ravi (@rav7ks)
<https://clinicalproblemsolving.com/present-a-case/>

Scribing (Sam B)
CC: 25F primigravid with fever, cough, palpitations x4 days
HPI:
 13w gestation with high grade fever, chills, rigors, cough, palpitations x4 days
 No similar episodes in the past
 Normal menses in the past, normal bleeding
 Primigravid

ROS:
 Negative for dysuria, urinary frequency, chest pain, weight loss, rashes, joint pain, hair changes, oral ulcers, alopecia, bleeding disorder, seizure, appetite changes, bowel changes

Vitals: T: 38.9 HR: 102 BP: 112/70 RR: 14 Sat: BMI:
Exam: Gen: moderately built, well nourished, conscious, oriented
HEENT: Pallor noted, no icterus, cyanosis, LAD
CV: Normal S1 and S2, no murmur
Pulm: normal breath sounds
Abd: distended, linea nigra and stria gravidarum
Neuro: No focal deficit
Extremities/skin: No clubbing

Notable Labs & Imaging:
Hematology: WBC: 9300 Hgb: 3.5 → 8.9 retic: 16.43 MCHC: 68.7 (high)
Chemistry:
 Cr: 1.06 → 1.14 Urine protein/Cr ratio 1.55 ST, ALT, Alk-P, Bili: all nl ESR: 150
 Very low serum albumin
 Anticardiolipin antibodies: 23.24 (H), anti histone, anti dsDNA, anti nucleosome AMA antibodies all positive C4: 6.13 (L) urine protein: 3+ Urine micro: RBC with granular casts
 ANA IIF positive with homogeneous pattern, antiphospholipid panel negative
 CSF: protein 57 (H), oligoclonal bands and IgG negative
 Brain auditory evoked potential and visual evoked potential study normal
 Anti NMO CSF panel negative, serum aquaporin negative
Imaging:
 MRI: T2 weighted demyelinating hyperintense lesions bilaterally around corpus callosum, juxtacortical white matter of bilateral frontoparietal and occipital lobes, corpus callosum and calloso-septal interface. Do not resemble MS, does not satisfy McDonald criteria for MS

Problem Representation: Young pregnant female with fever, pmhx of AIHA, severe anemia, elevated inflammatory markers and multifocal demyelinating brain lesions.

Teaching Points (Eugene)
Fever in a primigravid
 -Infections; with cough; consider pulmonary etiology.
 -Other inflammatory processes.
 -Immunosuppressed state in cyesis

PMHX/vitals/labs
 -AIHA: flare?- high ESR, pregnancy state
 -Infection precipitating hemolysis?
 -investigate other sources of blood loss
 -High retic count: marrow responsive.
 -confirm hemolysis with ldh, indirect bil, haptoglobin

PMH:
 Hypothyroidism
 Autoimmune hemolytic anemia dx 6 months ago

Meds:
 Levothyroxine
 Steroids
 Azathioprine

Fam Hx:
 n/a

Social Hx:

Health-Related Behaviors:
 No addiction

Allergies:

Course:
 Treated with transfusion after which cough and palpitations improved
 Underwent MTP given risk of preeclampsia and immunosuppression
 Later in stay developed a headache without mental status changes
 Received high dose IV steroids, discharged on prednisolone and hydroxychloroquine with improvement
 1 week later returned with swelling in both legs, decreased urine output, and vulval edema for last 4 days
Renal biopsy: lupus nephritis class III, focal proliferative GN, endocapillary hypercellularity with wire loop lesions
Dx: SLE with MS-like lesions, lupus nephritis, AIHA, and hypothyroidism

ANA panel
 -+ve ANA, anti dsdna; consider sle.
 -+ve antihistone: consider drug-induced lupus

Multifocal demyelinating brain lesions
 -In the context of lupus, don't jump to MS.
 -consider disseminated infection causing encephalomyelitis
 -could be lupus related
 -hypercoagulable state

Anasarca post delivery
 -consider lupus nephritis
 -pre-eclampsia related with her pregnancy could lead to this