



# 1/14/26 Morning Report with @CPSolvers

"One life, so many dreams" Case Presenter: (Ravi@rav7ks) Case Discussants: (Sharmin@Sharminzi) & (Maryana@maryanamribeiro)  
<https://clinicalproblemsolving.com/present-a-case/>



<p>Scribing (Seeme)</p> <p><b>CC:</b> A 30-year-old woman presented with 2 months of subjective fever and progressive fatigue visiting from India 6 months ago.</p> <p><b>HPI:</b> The fevers are undulating not continuous. She has been feeling weak and tired for the last month. Her energy level has also been diminished for the last 3 weeks.</p> <p>Appetite also diminished and I have lost 5 pounds over those 2 months. No associated chest pain</p> <p><b>ROS:</b> no respiratory, genitourinary, gastrointestinal, dermatologic, or neurologic complaints.</p>		<p><b>Vitals:</b> T: afebrile HR: 82 BP: 118/72 RR:14 Sat: 99</p> <p><b>Exam:</b> Gen: not in distress, well oriented</p> <p><b>HEENT:</b> nl, <b>CV:</b> audible mechanical opening and closing clicks, no new murmurs, <b>Pulm:</b> nl, <b>Abd:</b> nl, <b>Neuro:</b> nl</p> <p><b>Extremities/skin:</b> no rash, janeway lesions or splinter hemorrhages</p>	<p><b>Problem Representation:</b> A 30 y old woman with PMH of RHD presented with subjective fever and progressive fatigue for 2 months with elevated inflammatory markers, positive ANA, cardiolipin Ab and beta 2 glycoprotein. TEE showed presence of vegetations.</p>
<p><b>PMH:</b></p> <p>Rheumatic heart disease</p> <p>Mechanical aortic valve replacement (AVR) 15 years ago</p> <p>Mechanical mitral valve replacement (MVR) 15 years ago</p> <p>Type 2 diabetes mellitus</p> <p>Primary infertility</p> <p><b>Meds:</b></p> <p>Coumadin</p> <p>insulin</p>	<p><b>Fam Hx:</b></p> <p>DM, HTN</p> <p><b>Social Hx:</b></p> <p>-</p> <p><b>Health-Related Behaviors:</b></p> <p>No alcohol or smoking</p> <p><b>Allergies:</b></p> <p>NKDA</p>	<p><b>Notable Labs &amp; Imaging:</b></p> <p><b>Hematology:</b></p> <p>WBC: 12 Hgb:10.2 Plt: 350</p> <p><b>Chemistry:</b></p> <p>Na: nl K: nl Cl: nl HCO3:nl Cr: nl BUN: nl Glucose: nl Ca: nl Mg:nl</p> <p>AST: nl ALT: nl Alk-P:nl ESR: 130 CRP: 15.9 UA: neg for infection/ hematuria</p> <p><b>Imaging:</b></p> <p>CXR: clear, CT chest: clear, TTE: no vegetations</p> <p>TEE: mobile echodensities on mitral valve sewing ring- findings consistent with vegetations (&lt;1cm)</p> <p>Blood Cx: 3 neg</p> <p>Started on vancomycin, ceftriaxone and gentamicin for 6 weeks and discharged, 1 week later returned with fever and fatigue</p> <p>Blood Cx repeat: neg, neg endocarditis organisms (coxiella, bartonella, brucella), repeat TEE: vegetations unchanged, AFB: neg</p> <p>Cardiolipin IgG and IgM&gt;100, beta 2 glycoprotein IgG and IgM&gt;100</p> <p>ANA 1:320, lupus anticoagulant: positive, double stranded DNA IgG&gt;186</p> <p>Patient treated with warfarin, aspirin, prednisone and rituximab, reduction in antibody titers. Follow up Echo showed intact fully mobile bi-leaflet mechanical mitral valve.</p> <p><b>Dx:</b> Antiphospholipid syndrome- associated thrombotic endocarditis (NBTE)</p>	<p><b>Teaching Points (Evan)</b></p> <p>-Subacute inflammation - autoimmune, malignancy, infection</p> <p>- "Medical age" of patient - do they have any underlying immunocompromise, cancer</p> <p>-Long term diabetics more at risk for infections</p> <p>-Mechanical valve - want to consider endocarditis, can be more atypical. Check for procedure history or past infections</p> <p>-ESR and CRP dont localize the problem but if very elevated something bad is going on.</p> <p>-TTE has limited sensitivity with prosthetic valve. TEE superior here.</p> <p>-Biological valve - staph and strep most common bugs</p> <p>-Can start with ceftriaxone and vancomycin after blood cultures</p> <p>-Culture negative include brucella, coxiella, fungal</p> <p>-Lupus and malignancy dont usually elevate ESR and CRP and cause non bacterial endocarditis. Carefully watch from possible thrombotic events.</p> <p>-Vegetation size determines surgical candidates</p> <p>-Decision to continue workup or stop because patient is improving</p> <p>-If patient not improving with antibiotics - Are there other foci, further imaging? Are they the right abx for the right bug?</p> <p>Fungal/Mycobacterium</p> <p>-Lupus, sjogrens, RA assoc with APLS antibodies</p> <p>-Warfarin - want to consider other drug-drug interactions, poor control with INR</p> <p>- Warfarin is correct treatment for APLS - however may need to increase dose to get INR 3&gt;2 if patient is already taking it.</p>