

## 01/13/24 Morning Report with @CPSolvers



"One life, so many dreams" Case Presenter: Yuki(@) Case Discussants: Rabih (@rabihmgeha) and Jasdeep (@JasBajwa18)

CC: Progressive SOB and R wrist pain HPI: 82 Y M - 2 month SOB & R wrist pain. 4 months prior worsening dyspnea and inhaler was changed w/o relief. On the day of admission, he sprained his right wrist, prompting an outpatient service visit.

**ROS:** positive for dry cough, dyspnea, right wrist anorexia. and swelling/redness; negative for headache, sore throat, chest pain, hemoptysis, heartburn, abdominal pain, nausea/vomiting, diarrhea, hematochezia, melena, skin rash, muscle weakness, tingling sensation and edema. A detailed history including morning stiffness was difficult to take from this patient due to the dementia.

PMH: COPD, Lewy body Dementia, HTN Meds:	Health-Related Behaviors: past smoker and past drinker with unknown
Lansoprazole,	frequency.
olmesartan,	No pets, no house
formoterol,	plants, no history of
valproic acid,	recent travel,
risperidone	recreational drug use,
Soc Hx:	or occupational
Retired,	inhalation.
nursing home, not in touch w/ family	Allergies: None

Vitals: T: 97.3 HR: BP: 157/94 RR: SPO2- 96% on RA : BMI- 20 Exam: Gen: Awake and alert ; HEENT: No conjunctival pallor, icterus, clear oropharynx, no jugular venous distension, supple neck ; CV: Regular rate and rhythm, no murmur; Pulm: Clear to auscultation, no wheezes/ rhonchi/ crackles : Abd: wnl: Extremities/skin: No rashes or edema, but right wrist swelling and redness

## Notable Labs & Imaging:

Dx: Relapsing Polychondritis

WBC: 13k (70% segmented neutrophils, 1% eos) Hgb: 13.5 Plt: 279,000 Na:142 K: 4.5 Cl: 99 HCO3: BUN: 15, Calcium: 9.0, Cr:0.65 glucose: 160, LFTs wnl; LDH-214, CPK - 33, CRP 5 mg/dL, Blood cultures/ sputum cultures: negative EKG: Sinus tachycardia, without obvious ST-T changes, bundle branch block R wrist X ray: No signs of fracture CXR: No consolidation, no cardiomegaly, no blunting of a costophrenic angle Chest CT: b/I emphysematous changes PFTs: Vital capacity - 74% (>80), FEV1 - 52% (>80), Fractional exhaled NO: 41 ppb (<20); **2 months later** both wrists became swollen and SOB worsened. SPO2- 92% (repeat); Temp- 97.8, HR- 105, BP- 109/66 Labs: WBC 13k (72% neutr, 0.3% eos), Hb 12.6, Plt 251k, LFTs nl, LDH 254, Alb 2.8, Na 138, K 4.1, Cl 100, BUN 13, Glc 146, Ca: 8,8, CRP: 4 mg/dL ANCA, ANA, RF, anti CCP were tested: negative **CXR** - Diffuse tracheal thickening Chest CT - increased airway attenuation, diffuse tracheal collapse Bronchoscopy- bronchial wall thickening below glottis, petechial hemorrhage and redness present in some areas, edematous changes in carina to tracheobronchial and peripheral bronchi. **Biopsy-** inflammatory cell infiltrate in submucosa with no vasculitis, no atypical cells, no amyloid deposition, no acid fast bacterial infection or fungal infection Retrospectively noticed a cauliflower deformity of ears and saddle nose in the course of investigation; Auricular cartilage biopsy: fibrosis and replacement sites w/ fibrous tissue, indicating degenerate cartilage tissue of the auricle of the R ear.

Problem Representation: 82M w/ a PMH of COPD p/w progressive SOB and bilateral wrist pain for 2 months. Imaging notable for diffuse tracheal thickening and collapse and bronchial wall thickening. ANCA, ANA, RF and anti-CCP negative.

## Teaching Points (Maryana):

## Progressive SOB & wrist redness/swelling

- Learning space: desiccate symptoms x Practical thinking: how bad/ which of them should be managed right away -> Hypoxemia?
- SOB: on exertion or rest? Rest is more concerning / Subacute: give us more time to think + Anorexia - secondary to COPD or HF malignancy can't be ruled out + Right wrist redness and swelling signal or noise? Observation skills help - fracture x septic arthritis
- MSK issues: joint pain skin, subcutaneous, tissue, ligament, bursa, tendon -> arthropathy x arthritis
- AECOPD: we should not be attached to this diagnosis when taking care of a patient w/ PMHx of COPD - ddx: PE, pneumothorax, cryptogenic organizing pneumonia (COP), malignancy
- Triggers for AECOPD (?) Lack of wheezes/inconsistent time course -
- CXR: CAP. pneumothorax. Pulmonary Edema
- Monoarticular arthritis: infectious, crystalline or trauma Wrist: -**CPPD? Septic Arthritis?**
- Low VC + Low FEV1 COPD progression, aspiration, COPD exacerbation/ Elevated Fractional Exhaled NO: endogenous inflammation
- Progressive tracheal stenosis + bronchial wall thickening + petechial hemorrhage // Tracheitis + bilateral wrist edema
- Tracheal issues: trauma (prior intubation/ tracheostomy) x radiation induced x idiopathic stenosis x RP

DDX: TB, autoimmune diseases, relapsing polychondritis, GPA, infiltrative (amyloid is less likely), sarcoidosis (less likely without granulomas), IBD