

12/2/23 IMG VMR with @CPSolvers and Washington State University IMRP Everett

"One life, so many dreams" Case Presenter: Kevin Cheng, Oluwatosin Fajana (@tosin_faj), and Aisha Alam
Case Discussants: Sharmin (@sharminzi), Yazmin (@minheredia), and Bettina (@salfopsi)



CC: Early 30yo M to ED w/R sided chest mass

HPI: A few months ago when doing push ups, started to hear "pop" and felt a R-sided mass between breast and axilla. Flexeril and toradol prescribed by PCP provide minimal relief. Patient lost to f/u.

Presents now to ED b/c lump has increased to tennis-ball size and now producing arm pain that is dull, constant, without radiation. No pain to palpation. Difficulty fully raising arm.

ROS: 30 lb weight loss x months, n/y, loss of

rashes, fever, joint stiffness.
Recently taking a lot of tums due to perceived nutritional deficiency. No trauma.

appetite. Difficulty opening both of his eyes,

L>R. No numbness, other motor weakness,

Previously healthy

PMH:

Meds: Tums (CaCO3) **Fam Hx**: Hemochromatosis (mother), MI (father). No fam hx of autoimmune dz/cancer.

Soc Hx: Works in tech. Traveled to >10 countries (Middle East, SE Asia, Africa). >30 sexual partners w/ unprotected sex. Lives w/ 2 cats.

Health-Related Behaviors: Healthy lifestyle. Does not see PCP.

Allergies: No known allergies.

Vitals: T: afebrile HR: wnl BP: wnl RR: wnl on RA

Exam:

Gen: BMI 19, temporal wasting, non-toxic **HEENT:** bilateral non-fatigable ptosis L>R,

diplopia during eye tracking

CV, Pulm, Abd: wnl

Neuro: alert, no upper or lower extremity weakness

Skin: no bruit over mass

Notable Labs & Imaging:

Hematology: WBC: 4.83, no blasts Hgb: 14.5 Plt: 195

Chemistry: Na: 143 K: 4.9 CO2: 30 BUN: 23 Cr: 1.24 glucose: Ca: 13.6 Mag: 2.2

Alk-P: 60 Albumin: 4.6 Tbili 0.7 Protein 8.3

GFR >60 Troponin nl LDH: 2348 Uric acid: 5.9 Ferritin: 771 UA: few WBCs

Hep A reactive, hep B non-reactive HIV reactive CD4: 19
AFB smear negative, toxoplasma negative, EBV negative
LB: clear 94% hymphocytes glucose 46 protein 49

LP: clear, 94% lymphocytes, glucose 46,protein 49

Paraneoplastic labs: negative

Imaging: EKG: nl

CXR: large anterior chest wall mass, T11 vertebral body loss and associated bone metastases. Jungs clear

CT chest: 12 cm R anterior chest wall mass, bone metastases of T11 re-demonstrated. Otherwise no other invasion observed.

CT A/P nl

CT brain: enhancing R frontal calvarial lesion extending craniocaudally.

MRI brain + CT angio: marked abnormal enhancement of b/I CNV and b/I CNIII,

extracranial and intracranial lesions re-demonstrated. No parenchymal lesions. MRI total spine: pathological fracture of T11, c-spine and I-spine nl Lymph node biopsy: diffuse high-grade metastatic B-cell lymphoma

Dx: B-cell lymphoma, currently receiving R-CHOP and ARVs and doing well

Problem Representation: 30yo M w/ newly diagnosed HIV p/w b/l diplopia, non-fatigable ptosis, ROM-limiting R-sided chest mass ISO 30 lb weight loss, n/v, anorexia x3 months c/f malignancy vs chronic infection.

Teaching Points (Francisco):

Chest mass: infection or neoplastic, if signs of inflammation: abscess

Pain relievers not alleviating pain: think neuropathic Mass in axilla + ptosis: mass compressing sympathetic chain Weight loss in a young person + expanding chest mass:

malignancy or indolent infection

Weakness of eye muscles: neuro or musculoskeletal

Tums can cause electrolyte abnormalities (hypercalcemia) and cause muscle weakness

Temporal wasting is a sign of chronic inflammation suggests more neoplastic

Weakness: neuro, neuromuscular junction or muscle inflam Neuromuscular junction disease:

MG ptosis is fatigable (thymoma is an associated mass)

Lambert Eaton: associated with malignancy Large and irregular mass suggests sarcoma

Hypercalcemia (not PTH mediated) + mass: PTHrP, granulomatous disease (vit D, TB), bone lesions (metastasis), milk-alkali synd

Patient that is chacetic + normal creatinine: AKI is frequent HIV + soft tissue mass: nocardia, TB, actinomycosis, bartonella

HIV predisposes to non-Hodgkin lymphomas