



08/05/21 Morning Report with @CPSolvers



Case Presenter: Gabriel Talledo (@gabrieltalledo) **Case Discussants:** Mario Suito (@mariosuitofmd) and Promise Lee (@Promiseflee)

CC: Dyspnea

HPI: 45 yo M
Worsening SOB and low grade fevers 2 w before w/ lower extremity edema and orthopnea.

Never presented these symptoms before and denies chest pain.

Vitals: T: 38C HR: 110 BP: 100/60 RR: 18 SpO₂: 90% on room air

Exam:

Gen:

HEENT:

CV: Bilat basilar rales, nl S1 and S2, S3 gallop. Elevated JVP.

Pulm:

Abd:

Neuro:

Extremities/Skin: 1+ pitting edema around ankles.

Problem Representation: 45M w/ PMH of immunotherapy, p/w subacute worsening dyspnea, b/l LE edema, orthopnea and signs of inflammation.

Teaching Points (Vale):

Dyspnea Pyramid: Lung + Heart > Chest Wall, Neuromuscular, Hematology, Metabolic, Endocrinopathies.

Triage:

- Time Course is key! Acute onset prioritize morbid etiologies (MI, PE, HF, Tamponade)
- Signs of volume overload, fever (Prioritizes the lung), signs of presyncope (indicates poor perfusion and prioritizes the heart).

PMH:
Metastatic melanoma to the lungs, received 4 cycles of immunother apy. Last cycle 2w ago.

Meds:

Fam Hx:

Soc Hx: Live w/ his wife.

Health-Related Behaviors:
No smoke, recent travels or illness. No sick contacts.

Allergies:

Notable Labs & Imaging:

Hematology:
WBC: 15 000 Hgb: Plt:

Chemistry:
Na: K: Cl: CO2: BUN: Cr: glucose: Ca: Phos: Mag:
AST: 70 ALT: 65 Alk-P: T. Bili: Albumin: ESR: 40 CRP: 20 Trop I: 5

Imaging:
EKG: Sinus tachycardia.
TTE: LVEF 30% , global longitudinal strain 10%, global hypokinesia, estimated RV systolic pressure of 40 mmHg. No significant valvular abnormalities.
Coronary angiogram: No evidence of CAD, elevated LV diastolic pressure of 25 mmHg (NI <20).
Final Dx: Myocarditis related to an immune checkpoint inhibitor leading to HF.

Is it the heart or the lung? Both?: Orthopnea, LE Edema, Dyspnea (heart) + Fever -> thinking of the -itis (pericarditis, endocarditis, myocarditis), pneumonia progressing to HF, Malignant effusion.

History of Immunotherapy: Risk of myocarditis. Immunotherapy augments the immune system -> risk of autoimmune conditions.

Cancer + Dyspnea Schema: Lung (PNA, Mass effect, effusion, tx toxicity), Heart (pericardial effusion, myocardial toxicity), Vascular (PE, SVC, Microangiopathy), Marantic Endocarditis, Anemia, Acidosis.

Pearl: S3 is the most specific sign for Heart Failure.

Could this be a pericardial effusion? Signs of left heart failure makes it less likely (b/l basilar rales, S3) + absence of friction rub.

Pearl: pro-BNP is low in pericardial diseases (right atrial damage)

Myocarditis Ddx: Most of them are idiopathic. Eosinophilic (Parasites-Toxocara, Loeffler's, Malignancy), Giant Cell (Ventricular arrhythmia and HF), Lymphocytic (Viral, Diphtheria, Toxo, Chagas) + Autoimmune causes and Drugs (Clozapine, Immunotherapy).

Immunotherapy induced Myocarditis: Target cells and myocytes share receptors.